

New Zealand

- Separated from Australia and Antarctica 75 80 million years ago
- Developed from movement of the Australian and Pacific plates
- The tip of the mostly submerged Zealandia continent
- Affected by earthquakes and volcanos
- Isolated for 80 million years



Image courtesy of Two Rivers of Marlborough

New Zealand

- Immigration
- Eastern Polynesians 1250 1300
- Europeans
- Abel Tasman 1642, Nova Zeelandia
- · Captain James Cook 1769, New Zealand
- Jean de Surville arrived two months later
- Marc-Joseph Marion du Fresne landed in 1772
- Treaty of Waitangi 1840 effectively closing out the French
- Independence 1947
- French sink Greenpeace Rainbow Warrior in Auckland Harbour in 1985



mage courtesy of Two Rivers of Marlborough



REGIONS

- Northland
- Auckland
- · Waikato & Bay of Plenty
- Gisborne
- · Hawke's Bay
- Wairarapa
- Nelson
- Marlborough
- Canterbury & Waipara Valley
- · Central Otago





- 1,000 miles north to south
- 250 miles maximum width
- 1,200 miles east of Australia
- 600 miles south of Fiji and Caledonia
- 3,000 miles north of Antarctica
- Winegrowing regions are from 36º to 46º South
- Strategic location of regions
- Variety amongst the regions
- Southern Alps



Image courtesy of Two Rivers of Marlhorough

- Geographical Indications Act of 2006
- Entered into force in 2017
- Similar to AVA, AOC
- 12 have been registered, others in process



Image courtesy of Two Rivers of Marlborough

- Missionary Samuel Marsden first planed grapes in Kerikeri in 1819
- James Busby made first wines in 1830s
- French established vineyards in Hawke's Bay, today is Mission Estate
- Romeo Bragato on the prospects of viticulture and winemaking in New Zealand in 1895

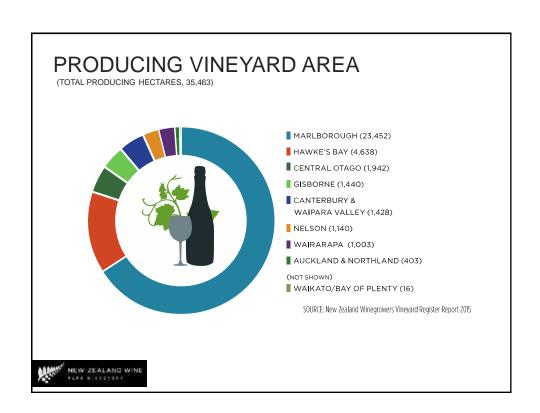


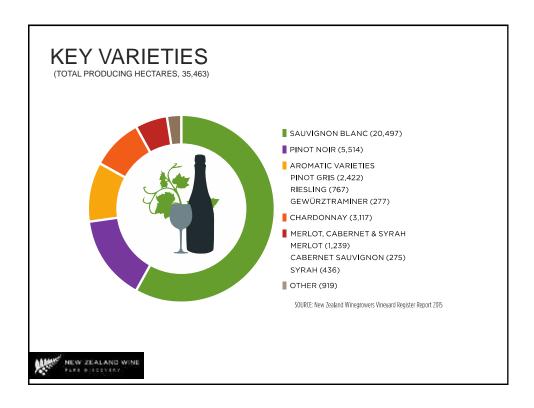
Image courtesy of Two Rivers of Marlhorough

- Dawn of a new era
- Montana plantings in Marlborough in 1973
- First commercial production of Sauvignon Blanc
- Pinot Noir established in Martinborough
- Emergence of Central Otago
- · Recognition from around the world



mage courtesy of Two Rivers of Marlhorough

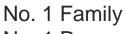




SUSTAINABILITY POLICY

- Under New Zealand Winegrowers' Sustainability Policy, wine must be made from 100% certified grapes in winemaking facilities that are independently audited and certified.
- Over 94% of vineyard area in New Zealand is operating under this independently audited sustainability programme, demonstrating a commitment to quality.
- Biodiversity
- Soil, water and air
- Energy
- Chemicals
- By-products
- People
- Business practices





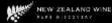
No. 1 Reserve, Blanc de Blancs NV



No. 1 Family

No. 1 Reserve, Blanc de Blancs NV





No. 1 Family

No. 1 Reserve, Blanc de Blancs NV





Clos Henri Sauvignon Blanc 2015





Clos Henri Sauvignon Blanc 2015





Clos Henri Sauvignon Blanc 2015









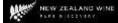
Brancott Estate Chosen Rows Sauvignon Blanc 2013





Brancott Estate Chosen Rows Sauvignon Blanc 2013





Brancott Estate Chosen Rows Sauvignon Blanc 2013



NEW ZEALAND WINE

Cloudy Bay Te Koko Sauvignon Blanc 2014











Cloudy Bay Te Koko Sauvignon Blanc 2014





Rippon Mature Vine Riesling 2015





Rippon Mature Vine Riesling 2015





Rippon Mature Vine Riesling 2015



NEW ZEALAND WINE

Aurum Amber Pinot Gris 2016





Aurum Amber Pinot Gris 2016





Aurum Amber Pinot Gris 2016





Domaine - Thomson Surveyor Thomson Pinot Noir 2011





Domaine - Thomson Surveyor Thomson Pinot Noir 2011





Domaine - Thomson Surveyor Thomson Pinot Noir 2011





Domaine - Thomson Surveyor Thomson Pinot Noir 2011





Prophet's Rock Home Vineyard Pinot Noir 2014





Prophet's Rock Home Vineyard Pinot Noir 2014





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